Whereas the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam has pledged to accelerate efforts to cooperate with the United States Government in resolving this humanitarian issue, separate from other issues dividing our two countries, and the Government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic has taken some positive actions to assist the United States Government in resolving the status of missing Americans: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that the President should—

(1) ensure that officials of the United States Government consciously and fully carry out his pledge of highest national priority to resolve the issue of two thousand four hundred and eighty-three Americans still missing and unaccounted for in Indochina;

(2) work for the immediate release of any Americans who may still be held captive in Indochina and for the immediate return of the remains of all American servicemen and civilians who have died in Southeast Asia whose remains have not been

returned; and

(3) make every effort to secure the further cooperation of the Lao People's Democratic Republic and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam in resolving this humanitarian issue of fundamental

importance.

Sec. 2. The Congress calls on the Socialist Republic of Vietnam to fulfill their pledge to accelerate cooperation with the United States in achieving the fullest possible accounting for Americans missing or unaccounted for in Indochina.

Agreed to July 18, 1985.

July 26, 1985 [H. Con. Res. 172]

APOLLO-SOYUZ TEST PROJECT—TENTH ANNIVERSARY COMMEMORATION

Whereas July 1985 marks the tenth anniversary of the first inter-

national manned space flight;

Whereas the Apollo-Soyuz mission resulted from an agreement on cooperation in space between the United States and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, signed by President Nixon and Premier Kosygin on May 24, 1972;

Whereas the Apollo-Soyuz test project brought together American and Soviet spacecraft in Earth orbit to test compatible rendezvous

and docking systems for manned spacecraft;

Whereas the Apollo-Soyuz test project provided an opportunity for American astronauts and Soviet cosmonauts to exchange visits and to conduct joint scientific experiments;

Whereas the success of the Apollo-Soyuz mission was due to the dedication and efforts of the National Aeronautics and Space

Administration and the Soviet Academy of Sciences;

Whereas the American astronaut team was ably commanded by Thomas P. Stafford, Donald K. Slayton, and Vance D. Brand; Whereas the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics cosmonauts were

ably represented by Aleksey A. Leonov and Valeriy N. Kubasov;

and

Whereas the Apollo-Soyuz mission exemplifies the value of international cooperative missions between the United States and the Soviet Union and provides both countries with the impetus to pursue future mission opportunities: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Committee on Science and Technology commemorate this occasion of the tenth anniversary of the Apollo-Soyuz test project.

Agreed to July 26, 1985.

MEDICARE—TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY COMMENDATION

Aug. 1, 1985 [S. Con. Res. 9]

Whereas Congress authorized Medicare in 1965 under title XVIII of the Social Security Act to consist of hospital insurance and supplemental medical insurance;

Whereas Medicare has contributed immeasurably to the security, improved health and extended longevity of older Americans;

Whereas Medicare provides health insurance coverage to thirty-one million aged and disabled persons, and is the largest personal health care financing program in the United States;

Whereas over half of all physicians serve Medicare patients, and over twenty thousand organizations—hospitals, nursing homes, home health agencies, labs, and clinics participate in Medicare;

Whereas Medicare is one of the most vitally important and successful programs in the history of the United States, without which many older Americans could not afford basic health care; and

Whereas one of the greatest social issues facing our Nation today is maintaining the integrity of Medicare to ensure the health and well-being of all older Americans: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Medicare be commended on its twentieth anniversary for the program's success in helping to protect older Americans against the high cost of health care.

Agreed to August 1, 1985.

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Aug. 1, 1985 [H. Con. Res. 179]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That when the House adjourns on Thursday, August 1, 1985, or on Friday, August 2, 1985, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12 o'clock meridian on Wednesday, September 4, 1985, or until 12 o'clock meridian on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first; and that when the Senate adjourns on Thursday, August 1, 1985, or on Friday, August 2, 1985, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12 o'clock meridian on